21.04.1997/EN

FCI-Standard N° 324

**GRAND ANGLO-FRANÇAIS BLANC ET ORANGE**
(Great Anglo-French white and orange Hound)
TRANSLATION: Mrs. Peggy Davis, brought up to date by Dr. J.-M. Paschoud. Official language (FR).

ORIGIN: France.


UTILIZATION: Scenthound.

FCI-CLASSIFICATION: Group 6 Scenthounds and related breeds.
Section 1.1. Large-sized Hounds.
With working trial.

GENERAL APPEARANCE: Quite a strong dog, powerful, showing more English blood in his head than his tricolour colleague.

HEAD: Quite short and broad.

CRANIAL REGION:
Skull: Rather broad and flat without occipital protuberance; superciliary arches not prominent.
Stop: Well marked.

FACIAL REGION:
Nose: Black or orangy brown.
Muzzle: Bridge of nose rather shrot.
Lips: Extending over the lower jaw and giving the muzzle some squareness.

EYES: Big, brown and dark.

EARS: Set on quite broadly at eye level line or slightly above, quite thick, slightly turned in and rather short.

NECK: Straight; slight dewlap.
**BODY:**
Back: Broad and muscular.
Loin: Broad, rather short.
Croup: Rather round.
Chest: Quite deep and let down. Ribs long, slightly rounded.
Underline and belly: Flank well filled out.

**TAIL:** Quite long, sometimes towards the tip with few longer and coarser, slightly offstanding hairs (like ears of grain) around the tail.

**LIMBS**

**FOREQUARTERS:**
General appearance: Strong, broad and vertical.
Shoulder: Close to the chest but well muscled.
Forefeet: Rather ground.

**HINDQUARTERS:**
Thighs: Muscular and fleshy.
Hocks: Slightly bent and close to the ground.
Hind feet: Rather ground.

**GAIT/MOVEMENT:** Easy.

**SKIN:** White with orange or yellow patches.

**COAT**
Hair: Short and not too thick.

Colour: White-lemon or white-orange on condition that the orange is not too dark tending to red.

**SIZE:**
Height at the withers: 60 cm to 70 cm.
FAULTS: Any departure from the foregoing points should be considered a fault and the seriousness with which the fault should be regarded should be in exact proportion to its degree and its effect upon the health and welfare of the dog.

- Faults of conformation.
- Butterfly nose.
- Muzzle too thin.
- Over-or undershot mouth.
- Light eyes.
- Excessive dewlap.
- Curved tail or deviated to the side.
- Colours of coat other than those previously mentioned (black or red hair).

DISQUALIFYING FAULTS:

- Aggressive or overly shy dogs.
- Any dog clearly showing physical or behavioural abnormalities.

N.B.:

- Male animals should have two apparently normal testicles fully descended into the scrotum.
- Only functionally and clinically healthy dogs, with breed typical conformation should be used for breeding.
SURFACE ANATOMY

- forehead
- eye
- stop
- nose bridge
- nose
- foreface / muzzle
- upper jaw
- chin
- lower jaw
- commissure of the lips / corner of the mouth
- cheek
- throat
- skull
- ear
- nape
- neck
- topline
- shoulder
- withers / top of shoulder
- back
- loin
- croup / rump
- set of tail
- point of shoulder
- prosternum / point of chest
- upper arm
- sternum / brisket
- forearm
- carpus / wrist
- metacarpus / pastern
- forefoot
- point of buttock
- thigh (upper)
- tail
- point of the hock
- metatarsus / hind pastern
- hind foot