19.08.1996/EN

FCI-Standard N° 244

SLOVENSKÝ KOPOV
(Slovakian Hound)
**TRANSLATION:** Mrs. C.Seidler. Official language (DE).

**ORIGIN:** Slovakia.


**UTILIZATION:** This breed is distinguished through its enduring hours-long following of a warm trail or scent while giving tongue. Also distinguished by its keenness and therefore used in its native country for hunting wild boar and predatory.

**FCI-CLASSIFICATION:**
- Group 6   Scenthounds and related breeds.
- Section 1.2 Medium sized hounds.
- With working trial.

**GENERAL APPEARANCE:** Always solid black with tan markings. Lightish body build, yet solid bone structure. Longish rectangle.

**BEHAVIOUR / TEMPERAMENT:** Spirited temperament. Extraordinarily developed sense of direction.

**HEAD**

**CRANIAL REGION:**
- **Skull:** Flat domed top skull; shape of a longish rectangle. Superciliary ridges and frontal furrow marked; occipital protuberance hardly marked. The direction of the axes of the muzzle and of the skull is parallel.
- **Stop:** Forms an angle of about 45°.

**FACIAL REGION:**
- **Nose:** Always black in colour, relatively large, moderately tapering; nostrils moderately open.
Muzzle: Bridge of nose straight, in keeping with the skull long and not too broad.
Lips: Not overlapping, close fitting with noticeable opened corner of Mouth.
Jaws/Theeth: Jaws of regular shape, firm, with well developed complete bite.

EYES: Dark, set in somewhat deep. Show liveliness and courage. Eyelids always black; almond shaped.

EARS: Leathers set on somewhat above the line of the eyes, carried flat along the head, with rounded tip and of medium length.

NECK: Well set, carried at an angle of 135°, rather short, muscular and without loose skin.

BODY:
Back: Straight, medium long.
Loin: Not too long, suitably broad, firm and muscular.
Croup: Not too long, medium breadth, rounded.
Chest: Fore chest broad and well developed. Medium depth, suitably broad and appropriately long. Ribs arched, set slanting.
Underline and belly: Moderately tucked up.

TAIL: Set on somewhat low, below the upper line; fittingly strong, tapering to the tip and reaching to the hock. Pendant in repose; curved upwards in sabre shape to a height of 150° when alert.

LIMBS

FOREOUARTERS:
Shoulder-blade and upper-arm: Rather short, well developed, muscular. Angle at shoulder joint about 110°.
Forearm: In vertical position, dry.
Pastern joint: Short.
Pastern: Not too long, somewhat sloping.
Forefeet: Oval; well arched toes; nails always black and strong. Pads dark and well developed.
HINDQUARTERS:
Upper thigh: Sufficiently broad; fittingly long, muscular.
Lower thigh: Broad, appropriately in length, well muscled.
Hock joint: Set on in a height of about 15 cm, moderately broad.
Angle of hock about 150°.
Hock: About 8 cm long, moderately slanting forward; no dewclaws.
Hind feet: Oval; toes tight and well arched; pads well developed and black.

SKIN: Dark brown to black, close fitting without folds or loose skin.

GAIT / MOVEMENT: Lively and balanced.

COAT
Hair: 2-5 cm long, medium coarse, close fitting and dense; longer on back, neck and tail. Undercoat dense, especially during winter months, but must not be lacking in summer.

Colour: Black with brown to mahogany coloured tan markings on limbs.

SIZE AND WEIGHT:
Height at withers for dogs 45 to 50 cm.
Height at withers for bitches 40 to 45 cm.

Weight: 15 to 20 kg.

FAULTS: Any departure from the foregoing points should be considered a fault and the seriousness with which the fault should be regarded should be in exact proportion to its degree and its effect upon the health and welfare of the dog.
• Heavy, clumsy, stocky build.
• Head too heavy.
• Lips overlapping.
• Incomplete bite.

FCI-St. N° 244 / 19.08.1996
• Over- or undershot mouth.
• light eye, eyelids loose or too tight.
• Leathers too light, pointed.
• Loose skin on neck (throatiness).
• Soft back.
• Flat ribcage (serious fault).
• Remarkably too long tail, tail carriage above topline even in repose.
• Incorrect position of limbs.
• Soft feet.
• Coat too short, without undercoat; coat too long, wavy.
• Colour other than black, white markings, unclear boundary of tan markings.
• Oversize.

DISQUALIFYING FAULTS:
• Aggressive or overly shy dogs.
• Any dog clearly showing physical of behavioural abnormalities.

IMPORTANT MEASURES (IDEAL TYPE):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measurement</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>16 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height at withers for a dog</td>
<td>46 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height at withers for a bitch</td>
<td>43 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall length of the head</td>
<td>22 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length of the bridge of nose</td>
<td>9 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length of the skull</td>
<td>13 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width of the skull</td>
<td>10.5 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width of the chest</td>
<td>16.5 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height of the chest</td>
<td>22 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depth of the chest</td>
<td>31.5 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length of body</td>
<td>55 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Girth of chest behind last rib</td>
<td>54 cm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANGULATIONS:
Angle of the shoulder  110°
Angle of the elbow  140°
Angle of the hip  130°
Angle of the stifle  130°
Angle of hock joint  145°

N.B.:
• Male animals should have two apparently normal testicles fully descended into the scrotum.
• Only functionally and clinically healthy dogs, with breed typical conformation should be used for breeding.