



FEDERATION CYNOLOGIQUE INTERNATIONALE (AISBL)
SECRETARIAT GENERAL: 13, Place Albert 1^{er} B - 6530 Thuin (Belgique)

09.08.1999/EN

FCI-Standard N° 268

(NORSK ELGHUND SORT)

(Norwegian Elkhound Black)



TRANSLATION: Norsk Kennel Klub. Official language (EN).

ORIGIN: Norway.

DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE OFFICIAL VALID STANDARD: 09.08.1999.

UTILIZATION: Hound for elk-hunting.

FCI-CLASSIFICATION: Group 5 Spitz and primitive types.
Section 2 Nordic Hunting Dogs.
With working trial only for the Nordic countries (Sweden, Norway, Finland).

GENERAL APPEARANCE: A typical spitz, squarely built, black hair lying rather close to the body, erect pointed ears, tail curled over the back. Proud rise of neck, muscular and athletic.

IMPORTANT PROPORTIONS: Height of withers = length of body. Length of muzzle = length of skull.

BEHAVIOUR / TEMPERAMENT: Fearless, energetic and brave.

HEAD: Wedge-shaped, tapering to nose. Clean and rather light, comparatively broad between ears.

CRANIAL REGION:

Skull: Nearly flat.

Stop: Distinct, but not abrupt.

FACIAL REGION:

Nose: Black.

Muzzle: Bridge of the nose straight.

Lips: Tightly closed.

Jaws/Teeth: Scissor bite. Complete dentition.

EYES: Not protruding. Preferably dark brown.

EARS: Set on high, pricked, height slightly greater than width at the base, pointed.

NECK: Of medium length, firm, without loose skin.

BODY:

Topline: Straight from the withers to the croup.

Withers: Well developed.

Back: Straight and strong.

Loin: Well developed, broad and straight.

Croup: Broad, well muscled.

Chest: Relatively deep, with good spring of ribs.

Underline and belly: Slightly tucked up.

TAIL: Set on high. Short, thick, with thick and close coat, but not with a flag. Tightly curled over the back, but not carried on either side.

LIMBS

FOREQUARTERS:

General appearance: Firm, sinewy and strong, but not heavy.

Shoulder: Sloping.

Upper arm: Moderately sloping.

Elbow: Well set, turned neither in nor out.

Forearm: Straight.

Pastern: Moderately sloping seen from the side.

Forefeet: Rather small, somewhat oval, compact and not turned outwards.

HINDQUARTERS:

General appearance : Moderately angulated in stifle and hock. Parallel seen from behind. Dewclaws not desired.

Upper thigh: Muscular and broad.

Stifle: Moderately angulated.

Lower thigh: Of medium length.

Hock joint: Moderately angulated.

Hock: Moderately sloping seen from the side, parallel seen from behind.

Hind feet: Rather small, somewhat oval, compact.

GAIT / MOVEMENT: Light and effortless. Parallel seen both from the front and behind.

COAT

Hair: Dense and rough, but lying close to the body. On head and front of legs short and smooth; longer on chest and neck, back of legs and the underside of tail. The coat is composed of a longish and coarse topcoat and a soft, woolly and black undercoat.

Colour: Shining black. A little white on chest and feet may be tolerated.

SIZE :

Height at withers: Males 46-49 cm. Ideal height 47 cm.

Females 43-46 cm. Ideal height 44 cm.

FAULTS : Any departure from the foregoing points should be considered a fault and the seriousness with which the fault should be regarded should be in exact proportion to its degree and its effect upon the health and welfare of the dog.

- Pincer bite, irregular bite.
- Lacking undercoat.
- White hairs, white on the tail.
- White socks.
- Stressed, nervous, barking.

SERIOUS FAULTS:

- Naturally short tail.

DISQUALIFYING FAULTS:

- Aggressive or overly shy dogs.
- Any dog clearly showing physical or behavioural abnormalities.

- Bite over- or undershot.
- Height at withers under 3 or above 4 cm from the ideal height.

N.B.:

- Male animals should have two apparently normal testicles fully descended into the scrotum.
- Only functionally and clinically healthy dogs, with breed typical conformation should be used for breeding.

SURFACE ANATOMY

